

Five things to know about COVID-19, flu, and RSV symptoms

... from Premera Blue Cross



With COVID-19, the flu, and some allergies having similar symptoms, it can be difficult to know if you should get a test, quarantine, or just take it easy. Here are five things to know that will help you identify the cause of your symptoms.

1 What are common flu symptoms?

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), flu symptoms usually appear suddenly after exposure. Here are some of the possible signs you may have the flu:

- Fever or chills
- Cough
- Sore throat
- Runny or stuffy nose
- Muscle or body aches
- Headaches
- Fatigue

Flu can cause serious illness and sometimes death. Because this virus changes each year, it's recommended that everyone who is eligible get a flu shot before the start of the flu season, which typically spans from November through February. The flu is mostly contagious during the first three to four days of the illness, but sometimes it can be contagious even longer. Visit the CDC website to [find out more about the flu](#).

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How are flu symptoms different than COVID symptoms?

What used to be a clear sign of COVID is not so clear-cut anymore. Dulled senses of taste and smell are no longer considered good indicators of a COVID infection. This makes it even harder to tell the difference between a cold, a flu, and a COVID infection. The new **COVID variants** like Eris (EG.5) and Omicron BA.2.86, tend to have the following **symptoms**:

- Fever or chills
- Cough
- Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Fatigue
- Muscle or body aches
- Headache
- New loss of taste or smell
- Sore throat
- Congestion or runny nose
- Diarrhea
- Nausea or vomiting

These symptoms may be a sign of a COVID infection or another illness.

Those sick with COVID can spread the virus that causes the disease for two to three days before symptoms appear and you can still be infectious eight days after you no longer have symptoms. If symptoms do appear, it's best to keep clear of big gatherings and notify those you've been in contact with even if they aren't showing symptoms. Find out more **about COVID** here.

3

When should I take a COVID test?

If you have symptoms or have been exposed to COVID, it's recommended that you self-test with an at-home COVID test. You can also visit your primary care provider or your local pharmacy for a test. Many pharmacies offer "test to treat" meaning if you do test positive, they may be able to prescribe treatments for COVID.

You can get free at-home COVID tests from the government at [covidtests.gov](https://www.covidtests.gov). If you still have unused at-home test kits, check the expiration dates as many of the expiration dates have been extended. Testing not only helps you, but it also keeps those around you safe. Don't wait to test if you think you have contracted COVID.

4

What should I do if I test positive for COVID or if I've been exposed to someone with COVID?

The CDC recommends that if you test positive for COVID, you should stay home and isolate yourself from others for at least five days from the date you tested positive. If you have no symptoms, you can end isolation after five days. If you do have symptoms, the CDC recommends that you wait until you are fever free for 24 hours, without the use of fever-reducing medicines, to end your isolation.

It is also recommended that when you do end isolation, you continue to wear a mask when around others for at least 10 days. You can discover more about exposure and recommendations **from the CDC here**.

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What is RSV?

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) is a potentially dangerous, highly contagious virus that can cause respiratory disease. Anyone can get RSV, but providers know it can be more serious for babies as well as adults over 60, including those with underlying medical conditions.

RSV usually causes mild, cold-like symptoms that typically show up within four to six days after getting infected. Those symptoms include the following:

- Runny nose
- Decrease in appetite
- Coughing
- Sneezing
- Fever
- Wheezing

Anyone infected with RSV is usually contagious for three to eight days and may be contagious for one to two days before symptoms appear. There is a new vaccine available, and the CDC recommends that you check with your provider about whether the RSV vaccine is right for you.

Because symptoms are similar between all three viruses, it's important to get tested and get right treatments or medications as soon as possible. Check with your healthcare provider for more information about testing and treatment. The more education you have about these infections, the safer you, your family, and your community will be.

Check out our previous 'Five things to know' blogs to discover more [about getting vaccinated](#) and for more information about [how the latest vaccines can help](#) prevent you from becoming ill or lessen your symptoms

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Language Assistance

- ATENCIÓN:** si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
- 注意:** 如果您使用繁體中文，您可以免費獲得語言援助服務。請致電 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711)。
- CHÚ Ý:** Nếu bạn nói Tiếng Việt, có các dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí dành cho bạn. Gọi số 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
- 주의:** 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711) 번으로 전화해 주십시오.
- ВНИМАНИЕ:** Если вы говорите на русском языке, то вам доступны бесплатные услуги перевода. Звоните 800-722-1471 (телетайп: 711).
- PAUNAWA:** Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, maaari kang gumamit ng mga serbisyo ng tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
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- 注意事項:** 日本語を話される場合、無料の言語支援をご利用いただけます。800-722-1471 (TTY:711) まで、お電話にてご連絡ください。
- ማስታወሻ:** የሚናገሩት ቋንቋ አማርኛ ከሆነ የትርጉም እርዳታ ድርጅቶች፣ በነጻ ሊያገለግሉት ተዘጋጅተዋል። ወደ ሚከተለው ቁጥር ይደውሉ 800-722-1471 (መስማት ለተሳናቸው፡ 711)።
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- ملحوظة:** إذا كنت تتحدث اذكر اللغة، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية تتوافر لك بالمجان. اتصل برقم 800-722-1471 (رقم هاتف الصم والبكم: 711).
- ਧਿਆਨ ਦਿਓ:** ਜੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਬੋਲਦੇ ਹੋ, ਤਾਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਸੇਵਾ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਲਈ ਮੁਫਤ ਉਪਲਬਧ ਹੈ। 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711) 'ਤੇ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ।
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- ATANSYON:** Si w pale Kreyòl Ayisyen, gen sévis èd pou lang ki disponib gratis pou ou. Rele 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
- ATTENTION:** Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 800-722-1471 (ATS : 711).
- UWAGA:** Jeżeli mówisz po polsku, możesz skorzystać z bezpłatnej pomocy językowej. Zadzwoń pod numer 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
- ATENÇÃO:** Se fala português, encontram-se disponíveis serviços linguísticos, grátis. Ligue para 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
- ATTENZIONE:** In caso la lingua parlata sia l'italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Chiamare il numero 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711).
- توجه:** اگر بہ زبان فارسی گفتگو می کنید، تسهیلات زبانی بصورت رایگان برای شما فراهم می باشد. با 800-722-1471 (TTY: 711) تماس بگیرید.