

## Substance Related Disorders

## A PREMERA BLUE CROSS BLUE SHIELD OF ALASKA DOCUMENTATION AND CODING SERIES FOR PROVIDERS

## Overview

Patients diagnosed with alcohol or drug-related conditions are often susceptible to both psychological and physiological manifestations and comorbidities, making accurate and complete documentation and coding difficult.

ICD-10 separates these conditions into 3 categories: use, abuse, and dependence. This categorization allows providers to track patient behavior that often has a negative impact on the patient's health. These coding details also provide useful information for researchers looking for better ways to care for patients diagnosed with addiction.

## Documentation and Coding

Clear, specific documentation is essential for selecting the most accurate ICD-10 code for a patient with alcohol or drug-related conditions.

When a patient is evaluated for a substance-related condition, follow these steps when documenting:

- 1. Identify the substance type:
  - a. For example, alcohol, opioids, cocaine, etc.
- 2. Document level of use:
  - a. Use: Substance use in an amount or pattern that doesn't rise to the level of abuse or dependence.
    - i. Usually coded if substance use is associated with a mental or behavioral disorder and such a relationship is documented.
  - b. Abuse: Substance abuse is defined as a maladaptive pattern of substance use that has become socially, legally, or occupationally problematic for the individual.
  - c. Dependence: Substance dependence refers to tolerance or the physical need for a substance. Tolerance is the need to use increasing amounts of a substance in order to achieve the desired effect.
    - i. Uncomplicated or
    - ii. In remission
- 3. Indicate accompanying conditions:
  - a. Intoxication
  - b. Withdrawal
  - c. Delirium
  - d. Perceptual disturbance

- e. Mood disorder
- f. Psychotic disorder with delusions or hallucinations
- g. Anxiety disorder
- h. Sexual dysfunction
- i. Sleep disorder

Per ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines, when a provider documents use, abuse, and dependence of the same substance, only one code should be assigned to identify the pattern of use based on the following hierarchy:

Documented	Assign only
Use and abuse	Abuse
Abuse and dependence	Dependence
Use, abuse, and dependence	Dependence
Use and dependence	Dependence

When a patient is taking opioids prescribed by their physician for treatment of chronic pain and there is no documentation of an associated physical, mental or behavioral disorder, assign ICD-10 code Z79.891 for therapeutic long-term (current) use of opioid analgesic.<sup>i</sup>

For more information about documentation and coding of this and any other chronic or complex condition, email your provider clinical consultant at <a href="mailto:ProviderClinicalConsuting@Premera.com">ProviderClinicalConsuting@Premera.com</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> AHA Coding Clinic 2018 2nd Quarter