

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

A PREMERA DOCUMENTATION AND CODING SERIES FOR PROVIDERS

Overview

Approximately 15.7 million people in the United States were diagnosed with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in 2015 and experts at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention believe millions more go undiagnosed every yearⁱ. Respiratory conditions associated with COPD are often overlooked when documenting and coding the disease, which results in inaccurate coding and a misrepresentation of the true clinical risk of people with COPD.

Three different diseases can be classified as COPD:

- Chronic obstructive asthma
- Chronic obstructive bronchitis
- Emphysema

Many patients diagnosed with COPD have both emphysema **and** chronic bronchitis. This makes documentation and coding more complex, but it's essential to capture an accurate picture of the patient's health status.

The following conditions are included under the term of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in the ICD-10-CM:

Asthma with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	Chronic emphysematous bronchitis	
Chronic asthmatic (obstructive) bronchitis	Chronic obstructive asthma	
Chronic bronchitis with airway obstruction	Chronic obstructive bronchitis	
Chronic bronchitis with emphysema	Chronic obstructive tracheobronchitis	

Documentation and Coding

Keep the following in mind when documenting COPD:

- If documenting asthma with COPD, indicate the **type of asthma** the patient has as 1 of these types:
 - o Mild intermittent or persistent
 - Moderate persistent
 - o Severe persistent
- For COPD with acute lower respiratory infection, document the type of infection

- Indicate the acute exacerbation, if present
- List any history of **tobacco** use, abuse, dependence, environmental exposure, or occupational exposure
- Document any **treatment and diagnostic tests**, such as oxygen, bronchodilators, PFT (pulmonary function test), or chest X-rays

Always document and code to the highest specificity. For example:

Documentation example	Correct ICD-10 code(s)	Comments
COPD with asthma and history of tobacco dependence	J44.9, COPD, unspecifiedZ87.891, personal history of nicotine dependence	You don't need a code for asthma since the type of asthma isn't documented; you do need a code for history of tobacco dependence.
copp with acute exacerbation of moderate persistent asthma, oxygen dependent. History of 15 years of tobacco dependence.	 J44.9, COPD, unspecified J45.41, moderate persistent asthma, with (acute) exacerbation Z99.81, dependence on supplemental oxygen Z87.891, personal history of nicotine dependence 	Code for asthma is needed since the type of asthma is documented. Also code the status of oxygen dependence and history of tobacco dependence.
COPD with acute bronchitis	J44.0, COPD with acute lower respiratory infection	You don't need a code for acute bronchitis.
Decompensated COPD	J44.1, COPD with (acute) exacerbation	Exacerbation is defined as a decompensation of a chronic condition
Emphysema with chronic obstructive bronchitis	J44.9, COPD, unspecified	J44.9 includes chronic bronchitis with emphysema, so you don't need an additional code for the emphysema.

Other helpful tips

COPD is a chronic condition and may affect patient care even in the absence of active treatment. If your patient presents with a problem that is iaffected by his/her COPD, include COPD as one of the secondary codes to show the complexity of the patient's health status.

For more information about documentation and coding of COPD or any other chronic or complex condition, email your provider clinical consultant at providerclinicalconsulting@premera.com.

i https://www.cdc.gov/copd/basics-about.html